

AM110 - Analisi matematica 1

Luca Battaglia

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Argomenti: limiti con formula di Taylor

Esercizio 1.

Calcolare, se esiste, il limite

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - e^{\sin x}}{x \log(\cos x)}.$$

Soluzione:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{e^x - e^{\sin x}}{x \log(\cos x)} \\ = & \frac{\left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right) - \left(1 + \sin x + \frac{(\sin x)^2}{2} + \frac{(\sin x)^3}{6} + o((\sin x)^3)\right)}{x(\cos x - 1 + O((\cos x - 1)^2))} \\ = & \frac{\left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right) - \left(1 + \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right) + \frac{(x+o(x^2))^2}{2} + \frac{(x+o(x))^3}{6} + o(o(x))^2\right)}{x\left(-\frac{x^2}{2} + o(x^2) + o(o(x))^2\right)} \\ = & \frac{\left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right) - \left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + o(x^3)\right)}{-\frac{x^3}{2} + o(x^3)} \\ = & \frac{\frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)}{-\frac{x^3}{2} + o(x^3)} \\ \xrightarrow[x \rightarrow 0]{} & -\frac{1}{3}. \end{aligned}$$

Esercizio 2.

Calcolare, se esiste, il limite

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1 - \log(1 + x + x^2)}{\log(1 + x) + e^{-x} - 1}.$$

Soluzione:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{e^x - 1 - \log(1 + x + x^2)}{\log(1 + x) + e^{-x} - 1} \\ = & \frac{\left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right) - 1 - \left(x + x^2 - \frac{(x+x^2)^2}{2} + \frac{(x+x^2)^3}{3} + o((x+x^2)^3)\right)}{\left(x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^3)\right) + \left(1 - x + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right) - 1} \\ = & \frac{\left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right) - 1 - \left(x + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{2}{3}x^3 + o(x^3)\right)}{\frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)} \\ = & \frac{\frac{5}{6}x^3 + o(x^3)}{\frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)} \\ \xrightarrow[x \rightarrow 0]{} & 5. \end{aligned}$$

Esercizio 3.

Calcolare, se esiste, il limite

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{(\sin x)^2} - \frac{1}{\sin(x^2)} \right).$$

Soluzione:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{(\sin x)^2} - \frac{1}{\sin(x^2)} &= \frac{\sin(x^2) - \sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x \sin(x^2)} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 + o(x^6)) - \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right)^2}{(x + o(x))^2 (x^2 + o(x^3))} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 + o(x^6)) - \left(x^2 - \frac{x^4}{3} + o(x^4)\right)}{x^4 + o(x^4)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{x^4}{3} + o(x^4)}{x^4 + o(x^4)} \\ &\xrightarrow[x \rightarrow 0]{} \frac{1}{3}. \end{aligned}$$

Esercizio 4.

Calcolare, se esiste, il limite

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{e^x - 1}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}}.$$

Soluzione:

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{e^x - 1}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} &= e^{\frac{\log(\frac{e^x - 1}{x})}{x}} \\ &= e^{\frac{\log\left(\frac{(1+x+\frac{x^2}{2}+o(x^2))-1}{x}\right)}{x}} \\ &= e^{\frac{\log\left(1+\frac{x}{2}+o(x)\right)}{x}} \\ &= e^{\frac{\frac{x}{2}+o(x)}{x}} \\ &\xrightarrow[x \rightarrow 0]{} e^{\frac{1}{2}}. \end{aligned}$$

Esercizio 5 (Assegnato per casa).

Calcolare, se esiste, il limite

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x\sqrt[3]{1+x} - \log(1+x)\sqrt[3]{1+x}}{x\sqrt[3]{1+x} - \log(1+x)\sqrt{1+x}}.$$

Soluzione:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x\sqrt[3]{1+x} - \log(1+x)\sqrt[3]{1+x}}{x\sqrt[3]{1+x} - \log(1+x)\sqrt{1+x}} &= \frac{x(1+\frac{x}{2}+o(x)) - \left(x - \frac{x^2}{2} + o(x^2)\right)(1+\frac{x}{3}+o(x))}{x(1+\frac{x}{3}+o(x)) - \left(x - \frac{x^2}{2} + o(x^2)\right)(1+\frac{x}{2}+o(x))} \\ &= \frac{\left(x + \frac{x^2}{2} + o(x^2)\right) - \left(x - \frac{x^2}{6} + o(x^2)\right)}{\left(x + \frac{x^2}{3} + o(x^2)\right) - \left(x + o(x^2)\right)} \\ &= \frac{-\frac{2}{3}x^2 + o(x^2)}{-\frac{x^2}{3} + o(x^2)} \\ &\xrightarrow[x \rightarrow 0]{} 2. \end{aligned}$$

Esercizio 6 (Assegnato per casa).

Calcolare, se esiste, il limite

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arcsin x - \arctan x}{x - \arctan(\arcsin x)}.$$

Soluzione:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\arcsin x - \arctan x}{x - \arctan(\arcsin x)} &= \frac{\left(x + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right) - \left(x - \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^3)\right)}{x - \left(\arcsin x - \frac{\arcsin^3 x}{3} + o(\arcsin^3 x)\right)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{x^3}{2} + o(x^3)}{x - \left(x + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3) - \frac{(x+o(x))^3}{3} + o(x^3)\right)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{x^3}{2} + o(x^3)}{x - \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)\right)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{x^3}{2} + o(x^3)}{\frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3)} \\ &\xrightarrow[x \rightarrow 0]{} 3. \end{aligned}$$