

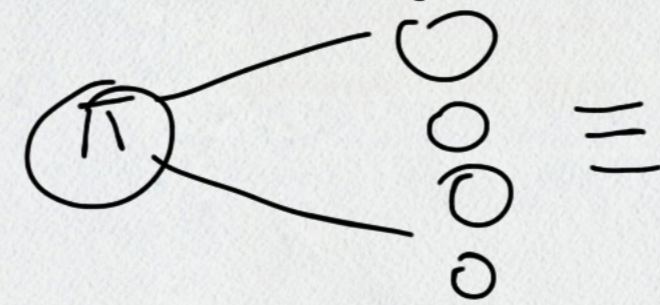
Reti dimostrative (proof nets) Girard, 1987 frammenti di LL

frammento moltiplicativo $MLL \subsetneq LL$

proof nets triplice matrice:

1) Sintattica: parole di dimostrazioni come oggetti finiti: graf
graf in informatica (diagrammi di flusso)
graf regolatori in biologia

2) Semantica una proof nets rappresenta una classe
di equivalenze di dimostrazioni di LL
quoziente dei dimostrazioni equivalenti
a meno di permutazioni di sequenze locali



3) Computazionali

perché "spiega" l'eliminazione del taglio in maniera efficace:
- locale, parallela, confluenza (normalizzazione forte)

frammento MLC puro

tenore par

- formule $F := \frac{a | a^\perp}{\text{lettera}} | F \otimes G | F \wp G | F^\perp$ neppure De Morgan

$$(A \otimes B)^\perp = A^\perp \wp B^\perp \quad (A \wp B)^\perp = A^\perp \otimes B^\perp$$

- separati seppm $\Gamma + \Delta \iff \vdash (\otimes \Gamma)^\perp, \Delta$ $\Gamma = A_1 \dots A_n$

$$(\otimes_i A_i)^\perp = (\otimes \Gamma)^\perp$$

Regole:

identikit

$$\frac{}{\vdash A, A^\perp} \text{ax}$$

$$\text{cut} \frac{\vdash \Gamma, A \quad \vdash \Delta, A^\perp}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta} \text{cut}$$

moltiplicativa

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, A \quad \vdash \Delta, B}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta, A \otimes B} \otimes$$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, A, B}{\vdash \Gamma, A \wp B} \wp$$

unito $\frac{}{\vdash \perp} \perp$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma}{\vdash \Gamma, \mathbf{I}} \perp$$

Dimostrazione di HLL

una dimostrazione $\vdash_{HLL} \Gamma$ è un albero

- le foglie sono etichettate da axiomi/identità $\overline{A, A^\perp}$ "t" omettano
- la conclusione/zadacia è etichettata dal sequente Γ
- ogni nodo intermedio è etichettato da un sequente derivato mediante una delle regole di HLL usate pm.

Esempio

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left. \begin{array}{c}
 \frac{A, A^\perp \quad B, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp} \otimes \\
 \frac{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp \wp B^\perp} \wp
 \end{array} \right\} * \\
 \frac{\frac{\frac{B, B^\perp \quad C, C^\perp}{B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, B, C} \otimes \quad A, A^\perp}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C} \otimes}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp \wp C} \wp \\
 \hline
 A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp \wp C
 \end{array}$$

Osservazione la regola del \wp è invertibile $\vdash \Gamma, A \wp B \Leftrightarrow \vdash \Gamma, A, B$

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma, A, B}{\vdash \Gamma, A \wp B} \wp \quad \frac{\Gamma, A \wp B \quad \frac{A^\perp \otimes B^\perp, A, B}{\vdash \Gamma, A, B} \text{cut}}{\vdash \Gamma, A, B} \dots$$

Eliminazione del taglio: Teorema ogni dimostrazione di TP può essere trasformata in una dim. di TP senza tagli.

* complemento logico o rango dello cut - frase # dei connettivi dello cut frase
 $S(A \otimes B) = 1$

* λ popolarità del taglio max delle popolarità delle premesse + 1
 $\lambda(A \otimes B, A^{\perp} \wp B^{\perp}) = \max\{3, 4\} + 1 = 5$

Esempio

* $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{A, A^{\perp} \quad B, B^{\perp}}{A \otimes B, A^{\perp}, B^{\perp}} \otimes \\ \frac{A \otimes B, A^{\perp}, B^{\perp}}{A \otimes B, A^{\perp} \wp B^{\perp}} \otimes \end{array} \right.$

$\frac{B, B^{\perp} \quad C, C^{\perp}}{B^{\perp} \otimes C^{\perp}, B, C} \otimes$
 $\frac{B^{\perp} \otimes C^{\perp}, B, C \quad A, A^{\perp}}{A \otimes B, B^{\perp} \otimes C^{\perp}, A^{\perp}, C} \otimes$
 $\frac{A \otimes B, B^{\perp} \otimes C^{\perp}, A^{\perp}, C}{A \otimes B, B^{\perp} \otimes C^{\perp}, A^{\perp} \wp C} \otimes$

$A \otimes B, B^{\perp} \otimes C^{\perp}, A^{\perp} \wp C$

(cut)
 $lv(\xi)$
 $\lambda(\text{cut}) = 5$
 $S(\text{cut}) = 1$

per taglio commutativo

Exemp

$$* \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{A, A^\perp \quad B, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp} \otimes \frac{B, B^\perp \quad C, C^\perp}{B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, B, C} \otimes A, A^\perp \\ \hline A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp \quad B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C \end{array} \right. \otimes$$

$$\frac{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C}$$

cut $\otimes (A \otimes B) = 2$
 $\lambda_{cut} (A \otimes B) = 4$

cut i logce

$$\frac{\frac{A, A^\perp \quad B, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp} \quad \frac{B, B^\perp \quad C, C^\perp}{B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, B, C}}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, C} \text{ (cut)}$$

commutation step, + taxi axiom

$$\frac{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, C}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, C, A^\perp} \text{ (cut)}$$

$$\frac{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, C, A^\perp}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C} \text{ scalar}$$

$$\frac{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C}$$

dimostrazione normale

$$\frac{\overline{A, A^\perp} \quad \overline{B, B^\perp}}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp} \otimes$$

normali

$$\frac{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp \quad \overline{C, C^\perp}}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C} \otimes$$

Π_3

$$\frac{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp \otimes C} \not\otimes$$

no cut

$$\underline{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp \otimes C}$$

Π_1

ordine delle regole

$$\frac{B, B^\perp \quad C, C^\perp}{B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, B, C} \otimes$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{A, A^\perp \quad B, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp} \otimes \\ \frac{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp \otimes B^\perp} \not\otimes \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{\frac{B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, B, C}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C} \otimes \quad A, A^\perp}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp \otimes C} \otimes$$

cut

$$\underline{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp \otimes C}$$

Π_2

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{A, A^\perp \quad B, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp} \otimes \\ \frac{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp \otimes B^\perp} \otimes \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{\frac{B, B^\perp \quad C, C^\perp}{B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, B, C} \otimes \quad A, A^\perp}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C} \otimes$$

$$\frac{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp \otimes C} \not\otimes$$

cut $\otimes(A \otimes B) = 2$
 $\not\otimes(A \otimes B) = 4$

quando due dimostrazioni sono equivalenti?

- accezione debole due dimostrazioni Π_1, Π_2 sono debolmente equivalenti se dimostrano la stessa cosa $\vdash \Gamma$ o dimostrano la stessa "cosa"

- accezione forte due dim. Π_1 e Π_2 sono fortemente equivalenti se dimostrano la stessa cosa $\vdash \Gamma$ allo stesso modo

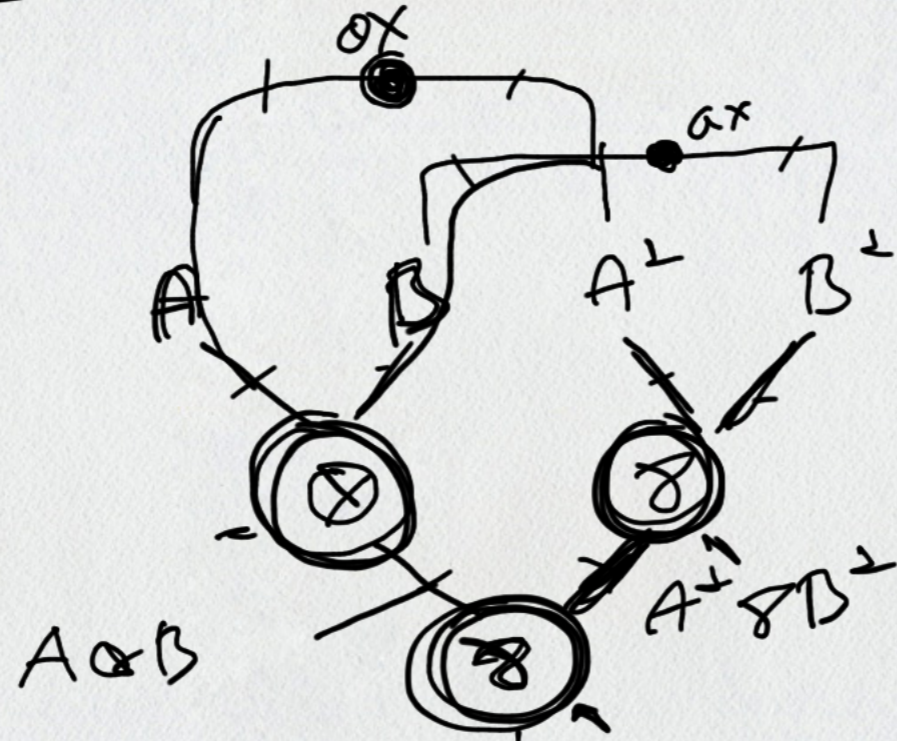
↓
differiscono solo per l'ordine con il quale abbiamo applicato le regole

Proof nets

ioles intu. huu

$$E \subseteq V \times V$$

graf $G: \langle V, E \rangle$



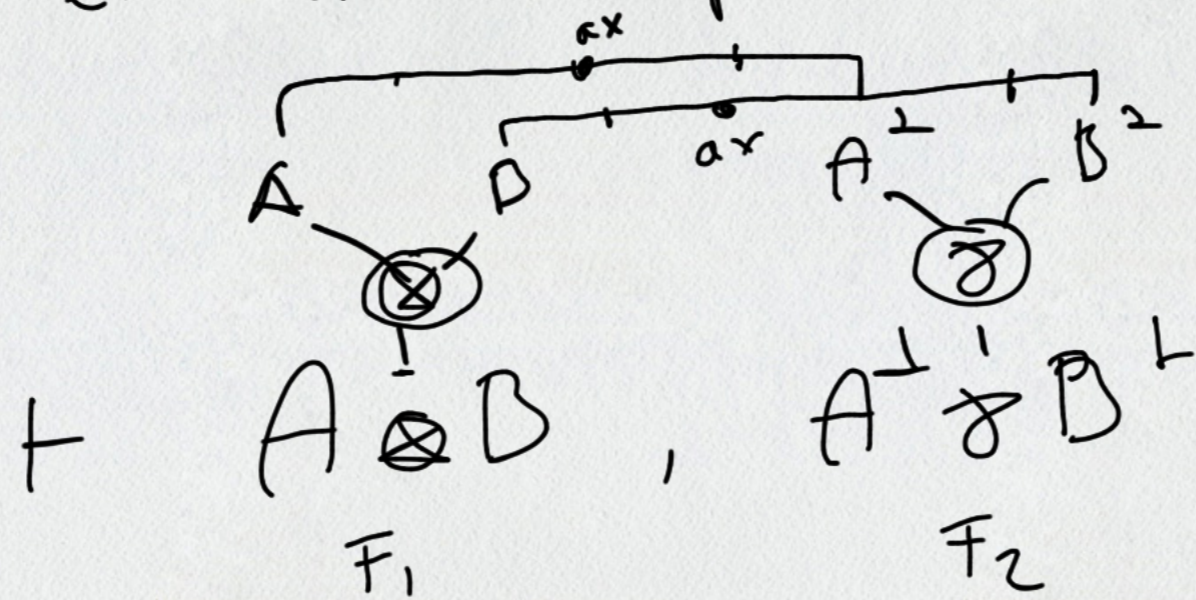
albero sintattico delle formule F

$$F = (A \otimes B) \oplus (A^\perp \otimes B^\perp)$$

un a proof net è un graf

- i nodi sono etichettati con $\otimes, \oplus, \text{axiom}, \text{cut}$

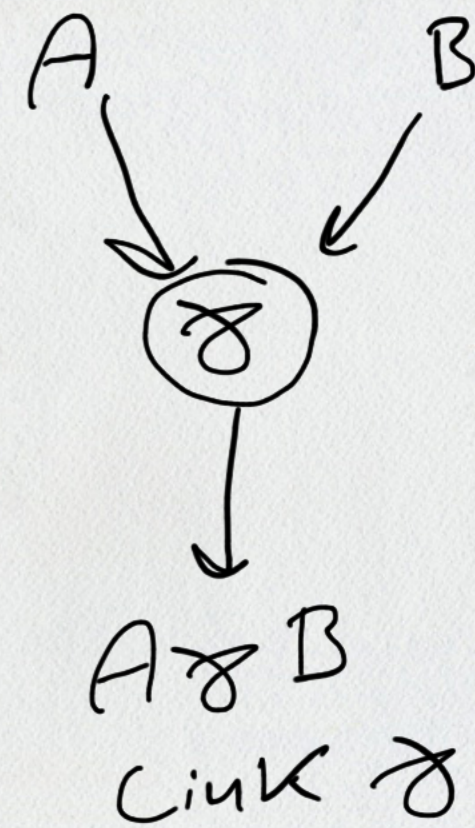
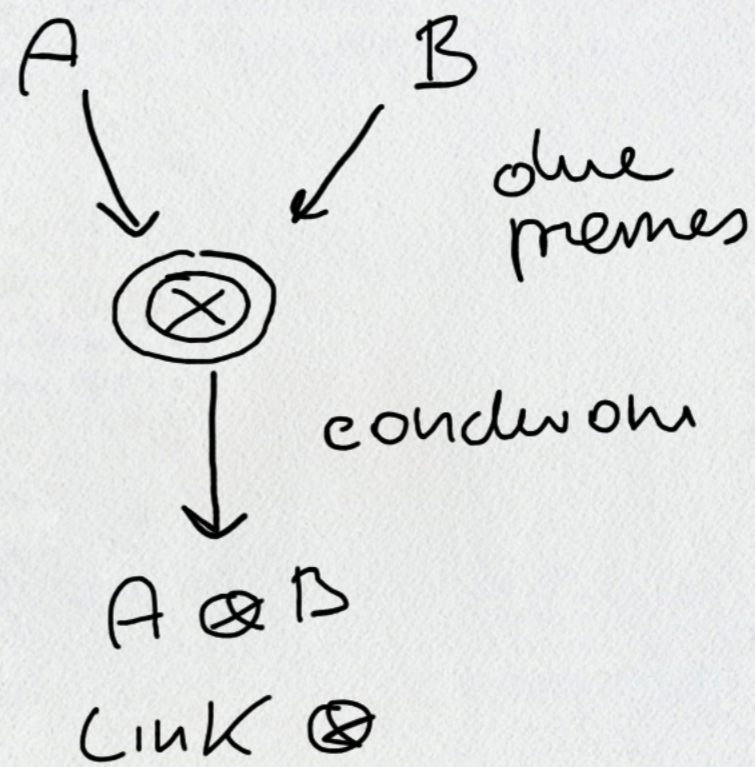
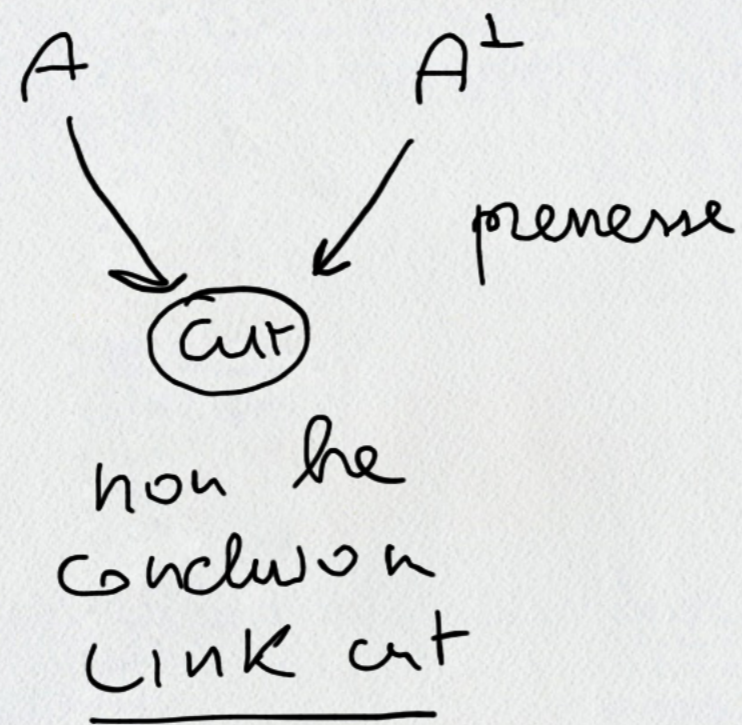
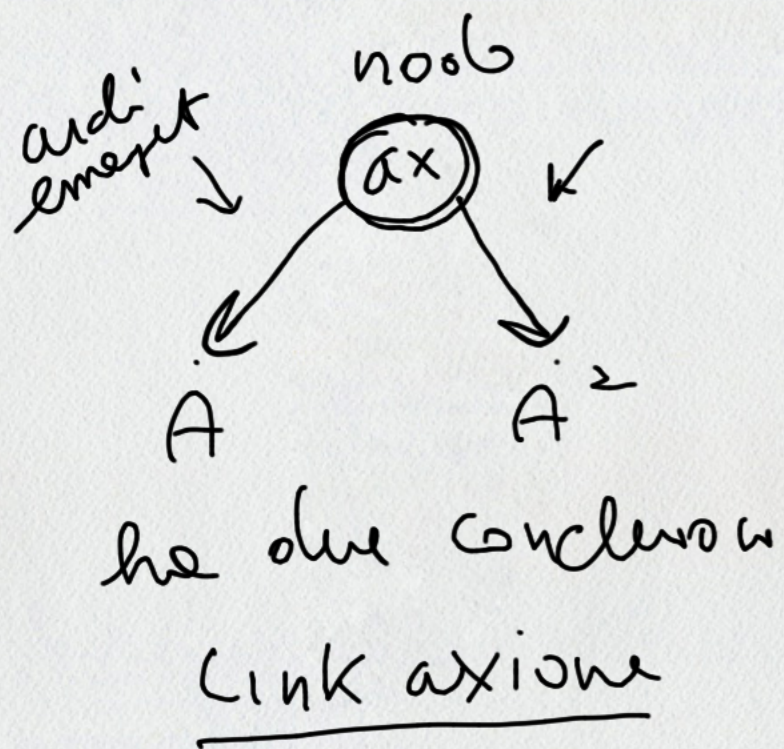
- gli archi sono etichettati con le formule di MU



graf etichettato

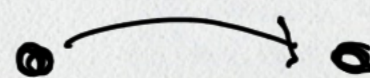
fu' formule le
depression.

Proof-structure (strutture di prove) un graf costruito usando LINK orientato

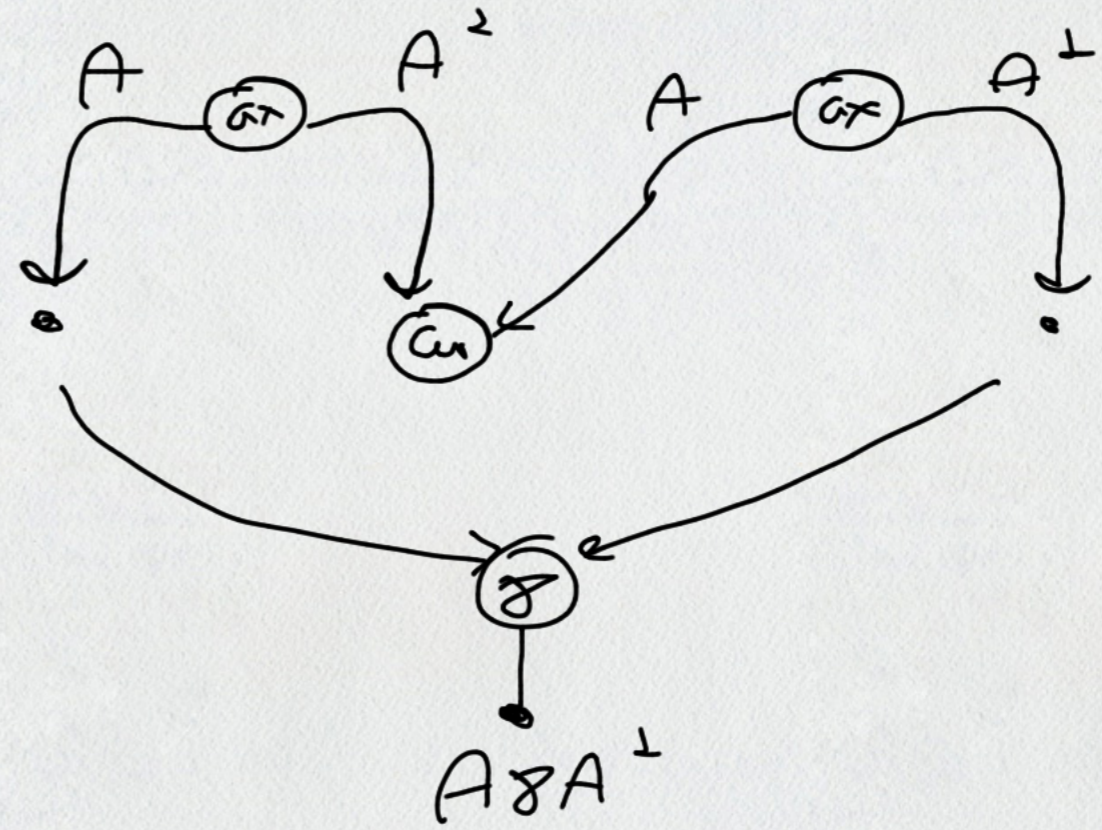
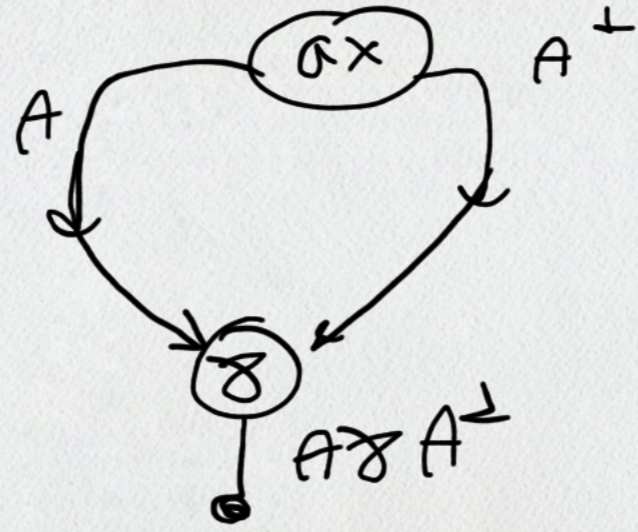
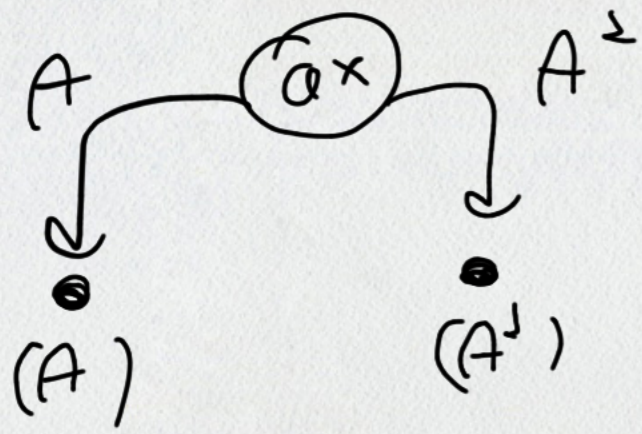


Def. una struttura di prova (PS) Π è un graf costruito a partire dai link (di sopra) e tale che:

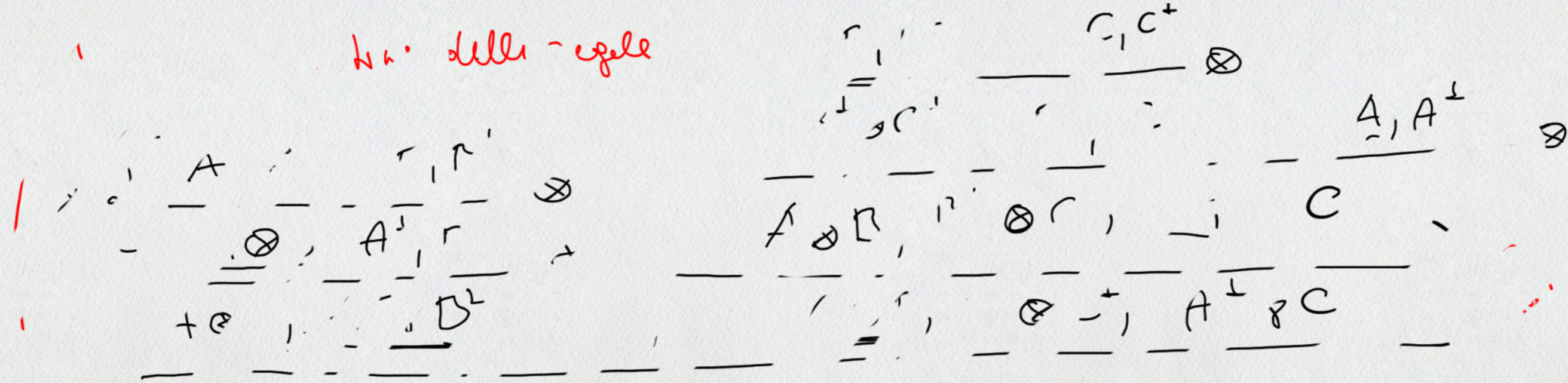
- ogni arco è la conclusione di esattamente un nodo e la premessa di al massimo un nodo
- le conclusioni di Π che non sono premesse di altri legami (LINK) sono tutte conclusioni delle strutture di prova.
- sulle conclusioni aggiungiamo di nodi sopra • per marcare le conclusioni i nodi.



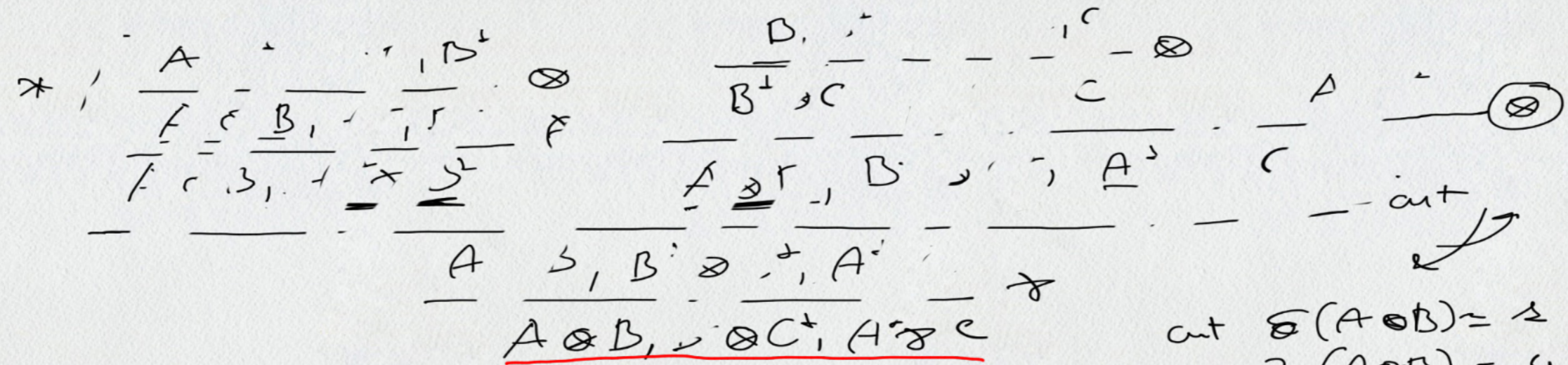
Esempio di pref struttura



no. delle egale

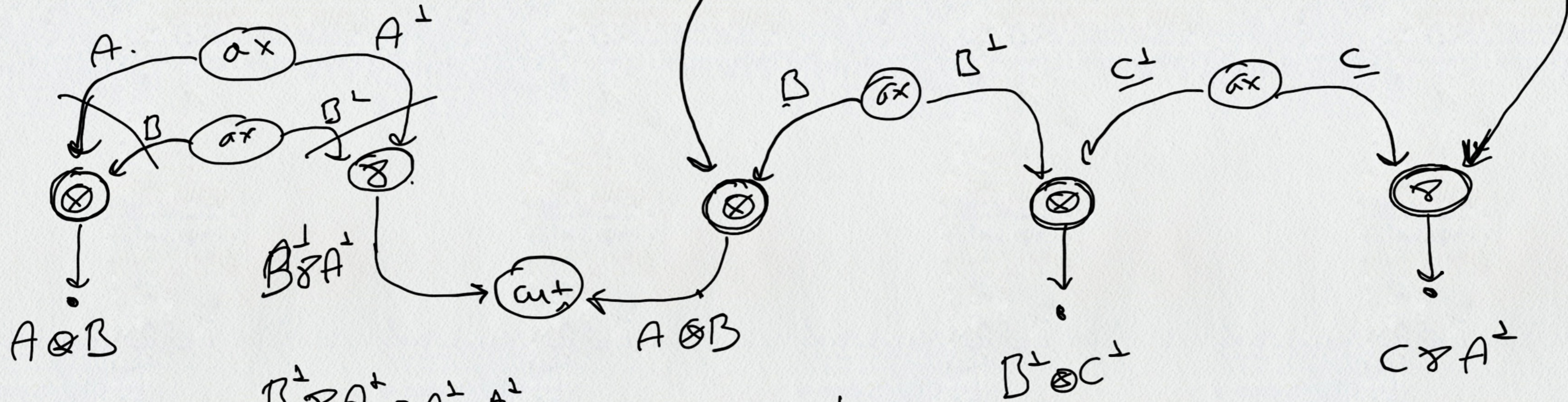


12



$out \otimes (A \otimes B) = 2$
 $\Rightarrow (A \otimes B) = 4$

Esercizio proof-structure



PS

$B^\perp \wp A^\perp \equiv A^\perp \wp B^\perp$
commut.

⇓ ?

Π_1 *ordine delle regole*

$$\left(* \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{A, A^\perp \quad B, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp} \otimes \\ \frac{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp \wp B^\perp} \wp \end{array} \right. \right. \frac{\frac{\frac{B, B^\perp \quad C, C^\perp}{B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, B, C} \otimes \quad A, A^\perp}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C} \otimes}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp \wp C} \wp \text{cut}$$

$$\Pi_2 \left(* \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{A, A^\perp \quad B, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp} \otimes \\ \frac{A \otimes B, A^\perp, B^\perp}{A \otimes B, A^\perp \wp B^\perp} \wp \end{array} \right. \frac{\frac{\frac{B, B^\perp \quad C, C^\perp}{B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, B, C} \otimes \quad A, A^\perp}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C} \otimes}{A \otimes B, B^\perp \otimes C^\perp, A^\perp, C} \wp \text{cut}$$

cut $\wp(A \otimes B) = 2$
 $\wp(A \otimes B) = 4$

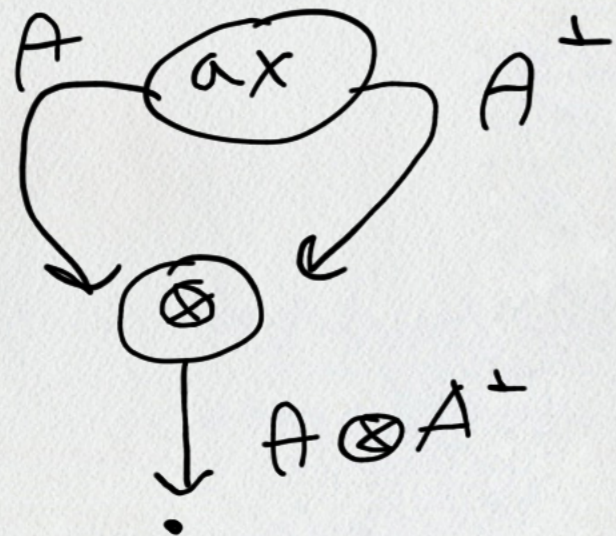
Conspicua PS vs dim. MLL

- Completzza: se Π è una PS con conclusione Γ , allora
 $\vdash \Gamma$ è dimostrabile in MLL sequent calculus?

- Complezza: se $\vdash \Gamma$ è dimostrabile nel calcolo di sequenti di MLL
 allora esiste una PS Π con conclusione Γ ?

dim $\vdash \Gamma$ in MLL $\Leftrightarrow \exists$ una PS $\vdash \Gamma$

Esempio

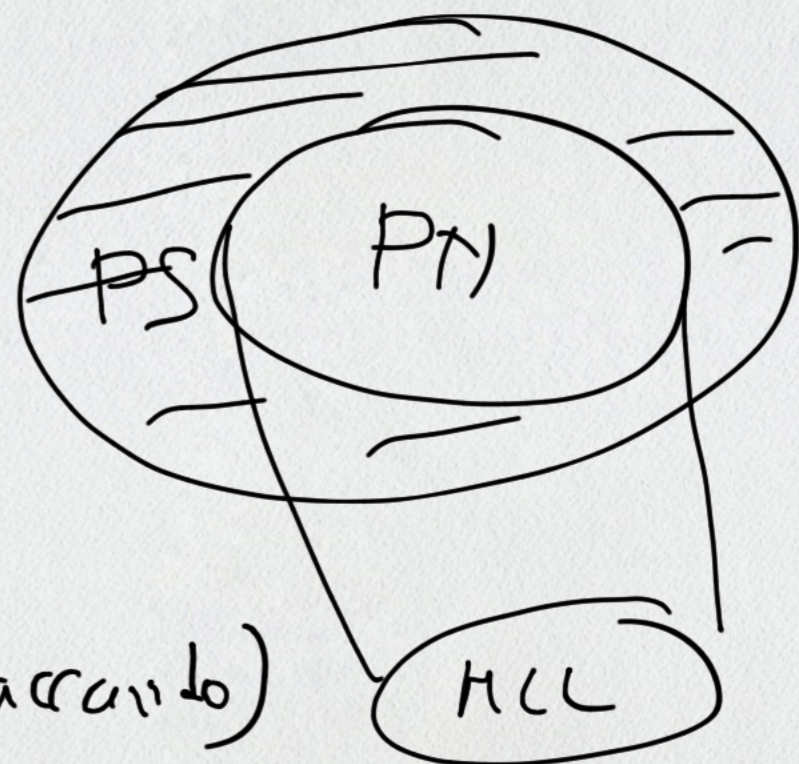


ma ~~non~~ $A \otimes A^\perp$ $\vdash \dots$

\exists μ PS che dim. in MLL !! bisogno restrizioni
 le nozioni di PS

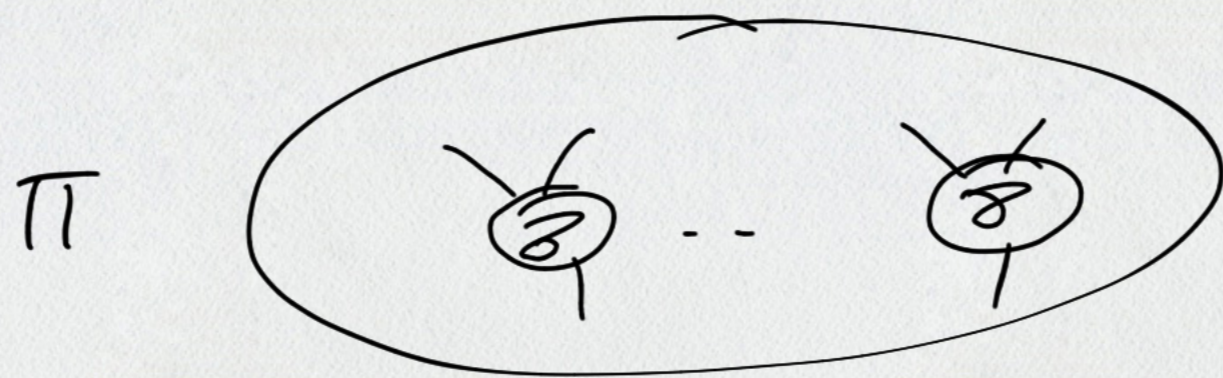
PS + correttezza (invariance geometrica)

idea interessante: Test

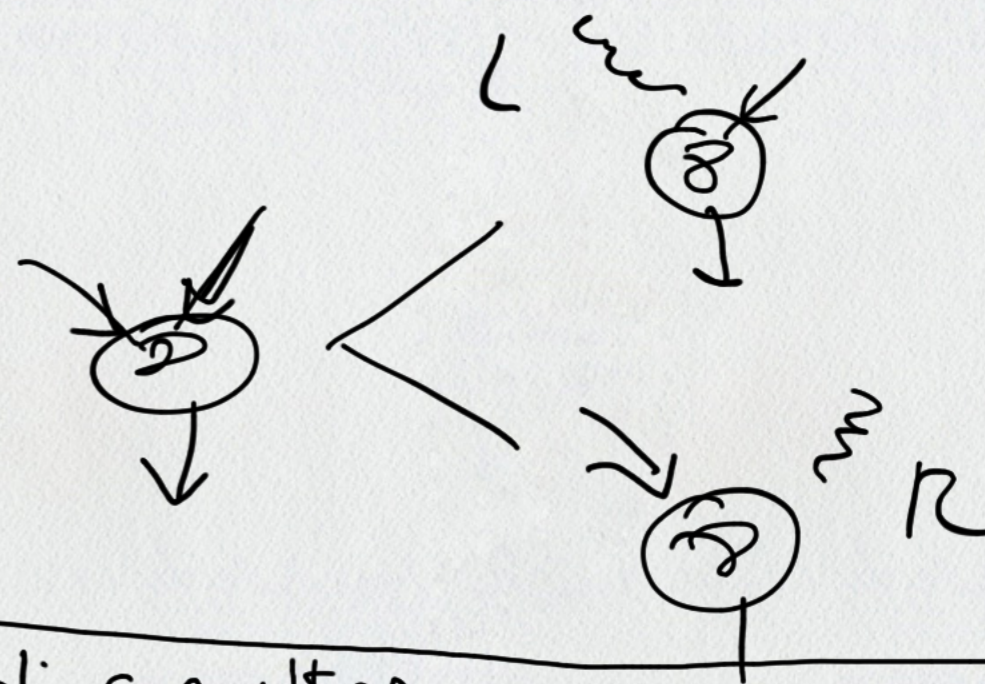


Def

- un test per una PS Π : è il graf che si ottiene da Π , mutando (staccando) una delle due penne di ogni link δ



switch $\varphi : \delta \mapsto \{L/R\}$



Switching / Test \downarrow Π

test

$S_\varphi(\Pi)$

Def criterio di correttezza

Una PS Π è corretta (è una permut) se

se $\forall \varphi$, test $S_\varphi(\Pi)$ è un

graf aciclico, connes (ACC)

(non riferito al graf orientato)
graf non-orientato

Onneiru: se Π e ue PS e cation m link \emptyset
 quanti test annette?

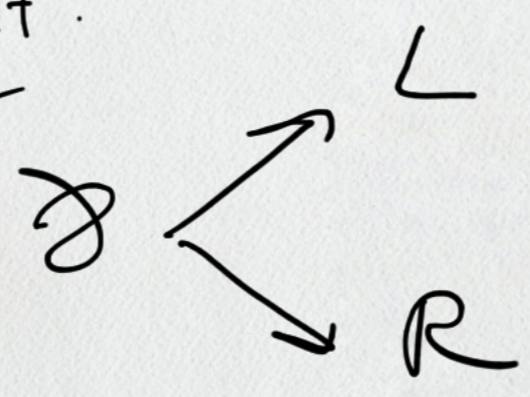
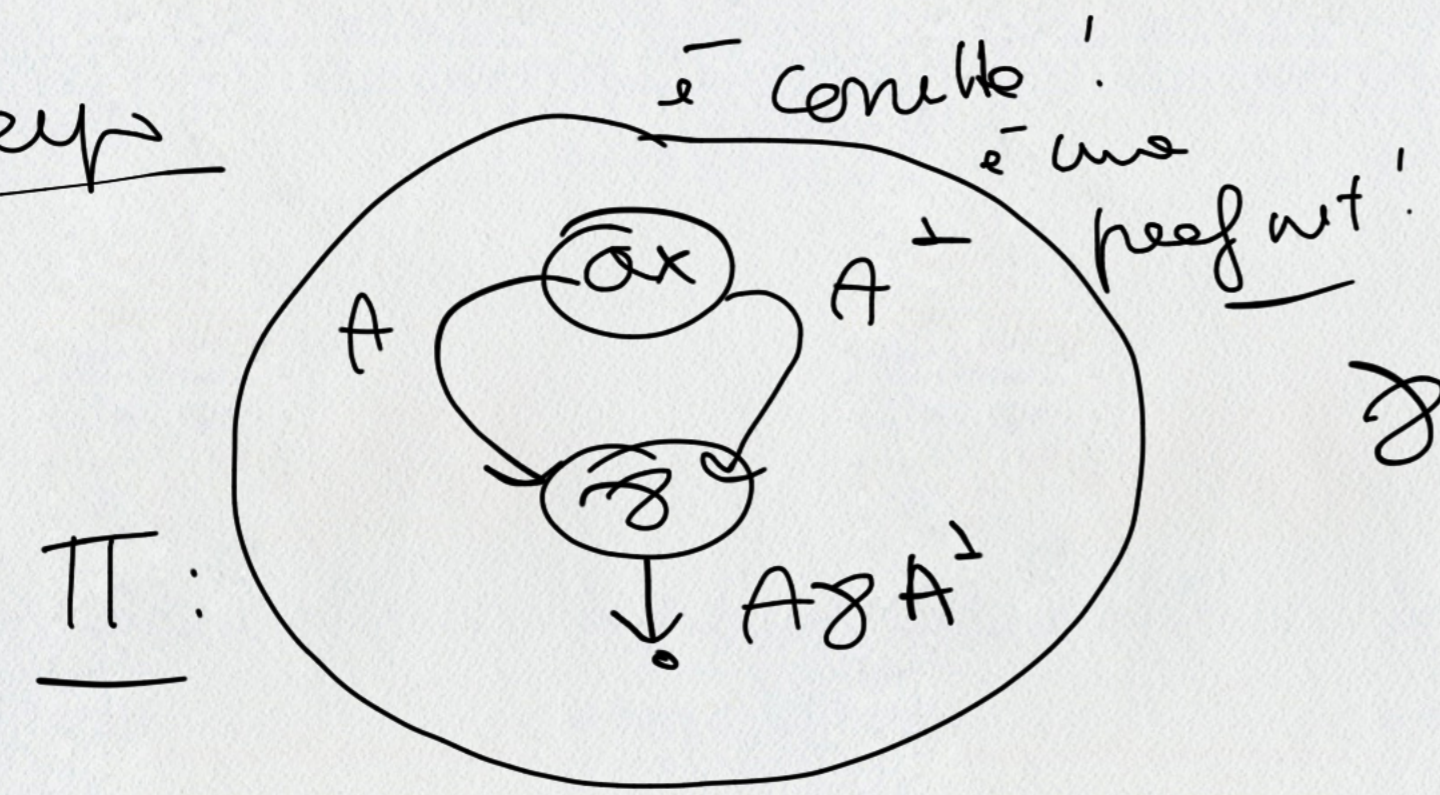
δ_1 0 1 0
 0 0 1
 : 0 0
 . 0 0
 δ_4 0 0
 0 1

gi mitel pwr

$S_\varphi(\Pi)$ su 2^n

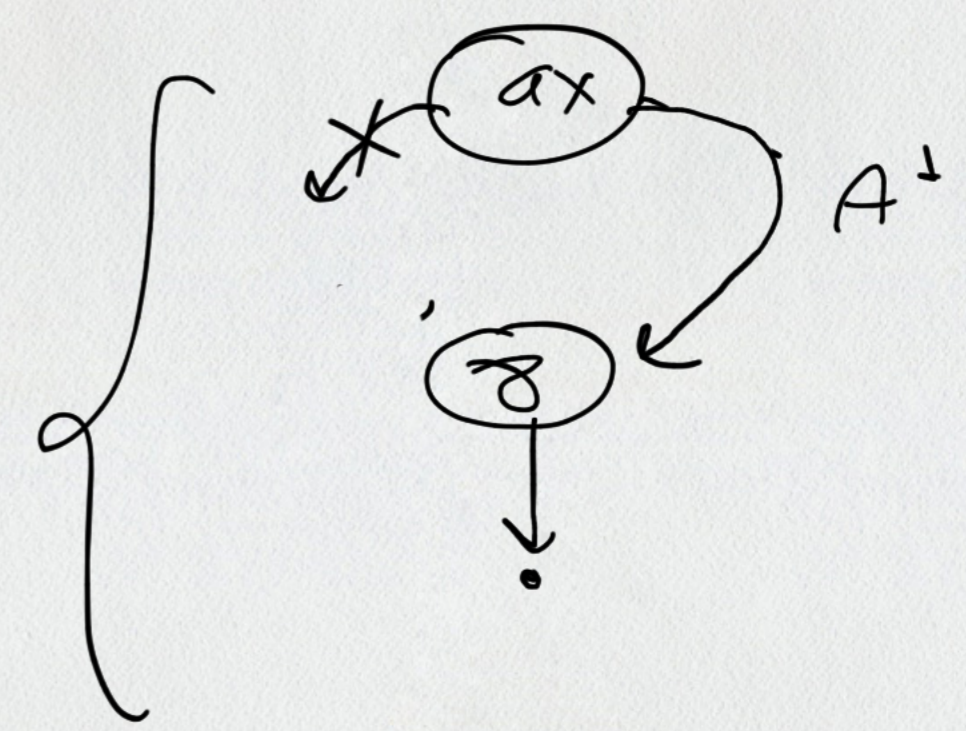
Test su costori!
 IP co' expmeryole! ne # \emptyset

Esery

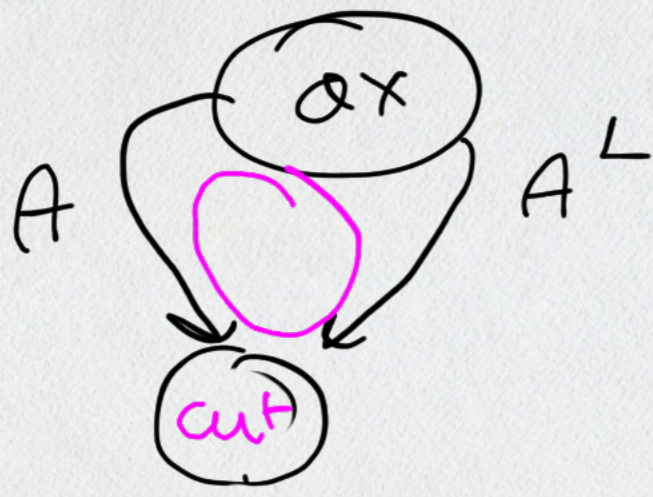


quanti i test di Π

$S_\varphi(\Pi) =$



En.



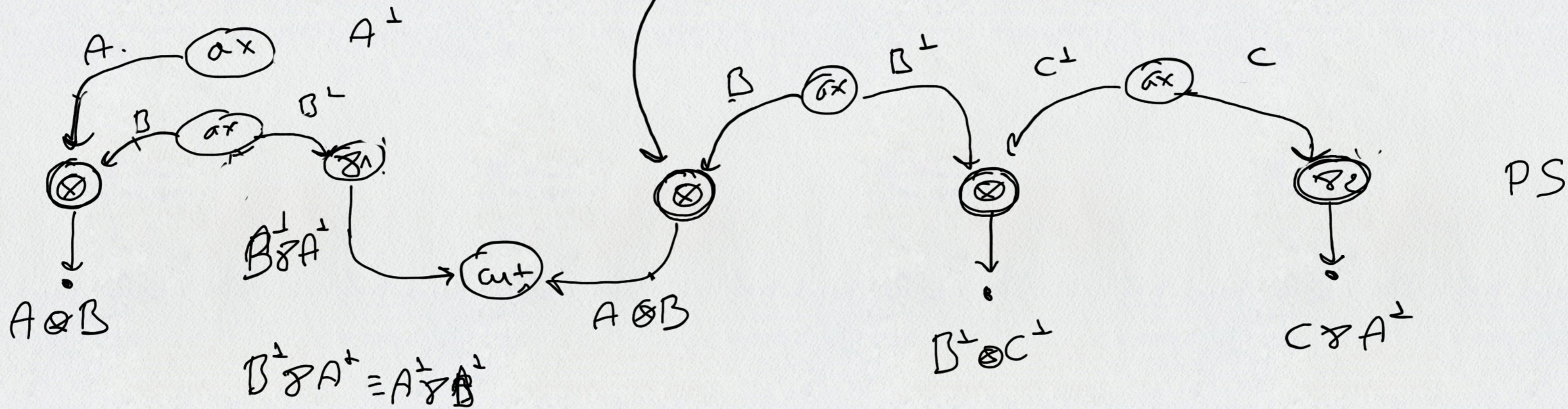
e^- commit?

non e^- commit! non e^- we proof wr

deadlock! loop

~~X~~

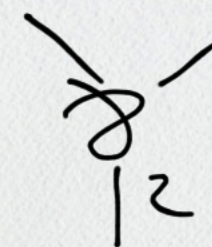
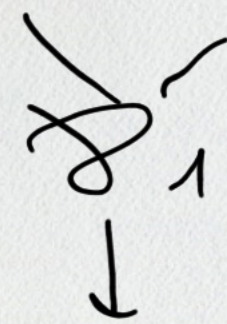
Exercice proof-structure



demande e- we PN ?

quanti γ -link ? 2 quanti interwith 2

quant $S\varphi(\pi)$? $2^2 = 4$ test



Def. involutive ordine PNI

de-representation

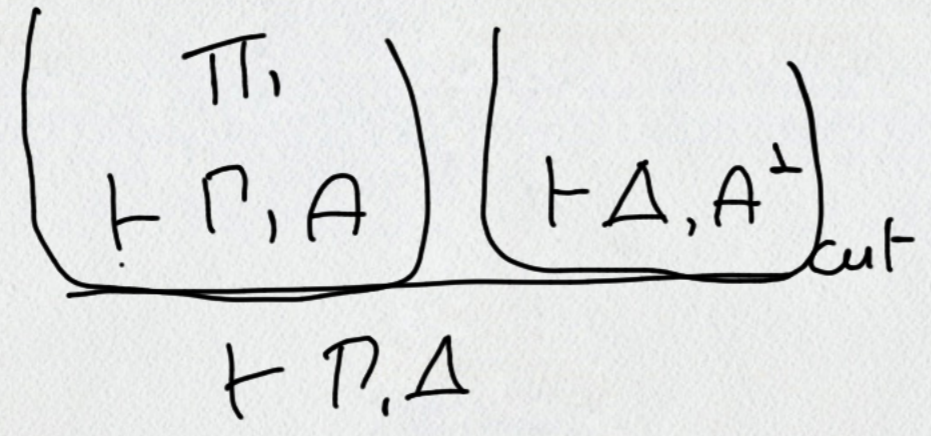
se Π è una deriv. nel P.S di MLL di Γ allora \exists un PNI $\pi \vdash \Gamma$

in MLL S.C. $\overline{\Gamma, A^+} \rightarrow$

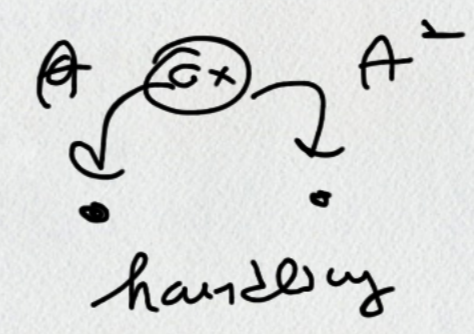
base ind.

para involutive

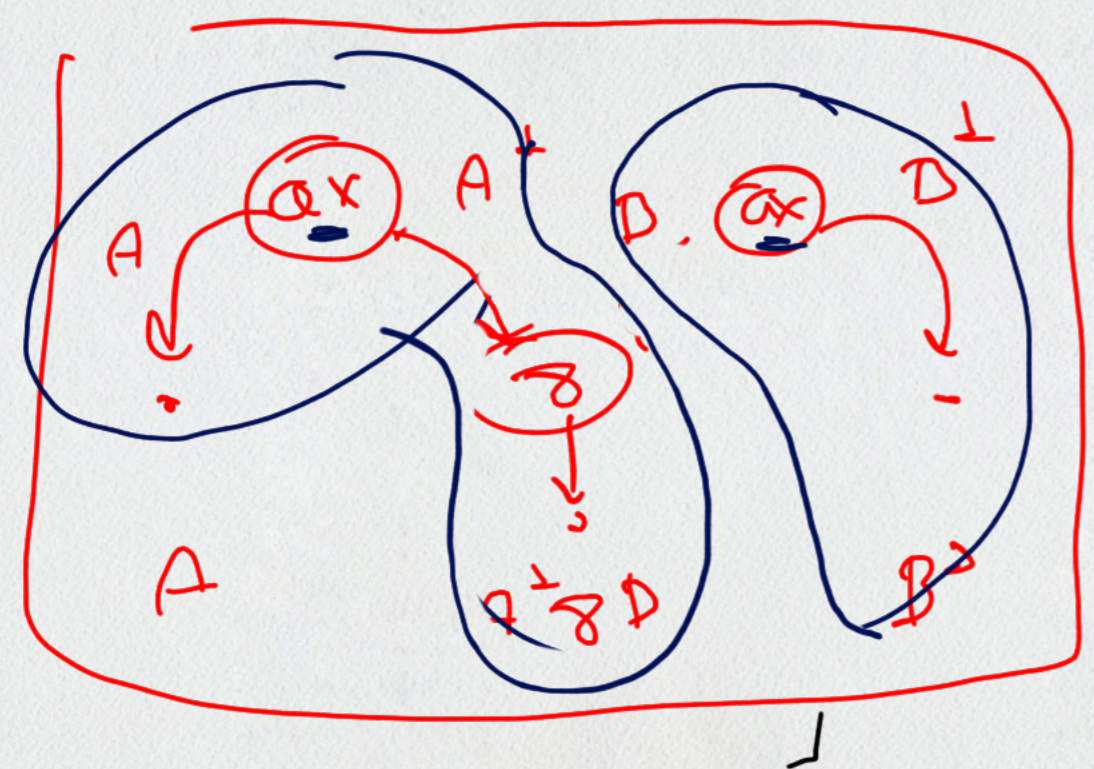
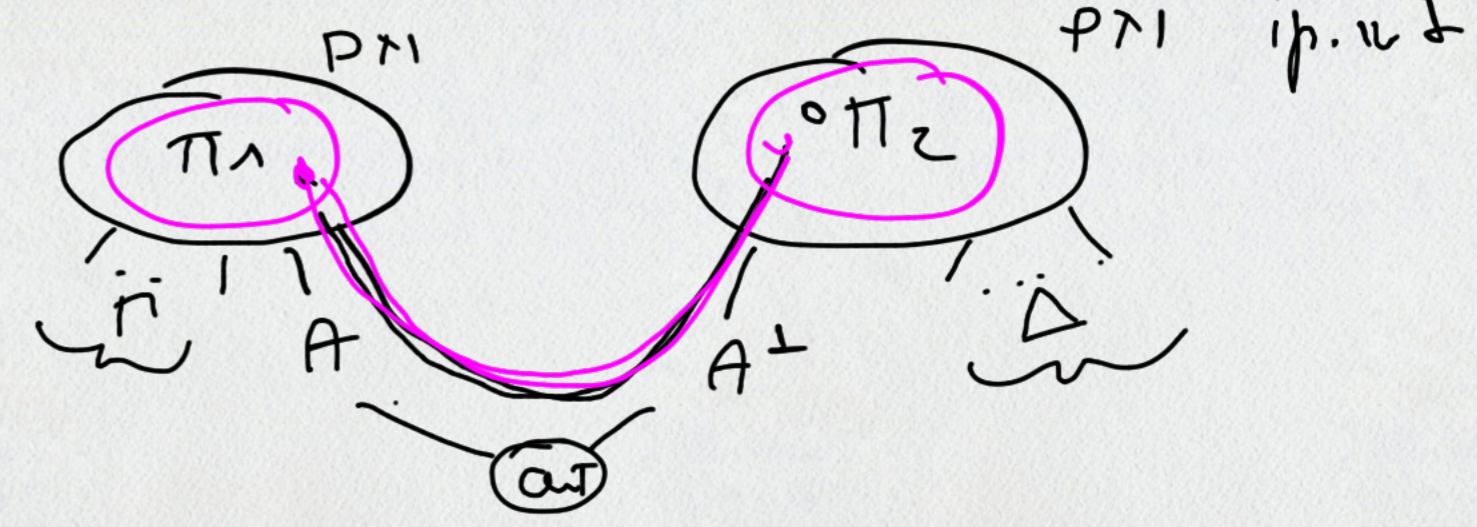
$h(\Pi)$
induzione



\Rightarrow convezione



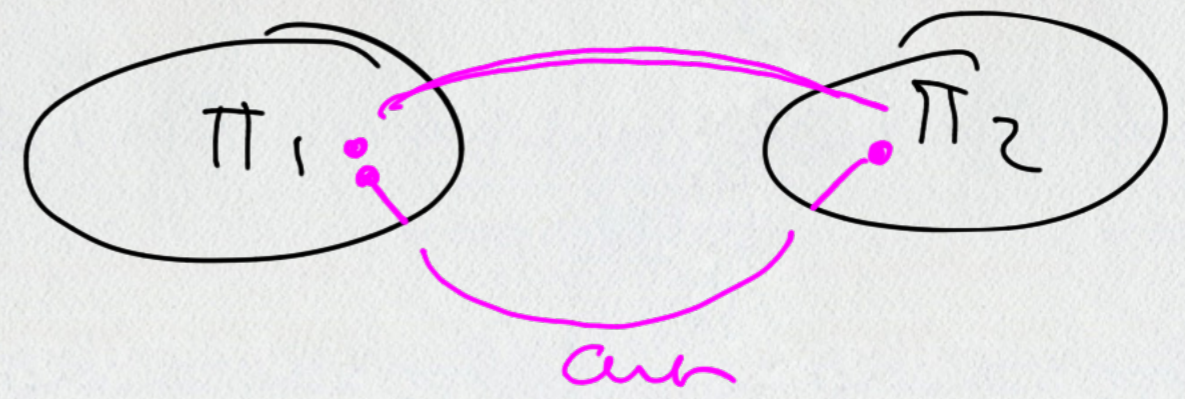
è PS, $\forall S(\Pi) \in ACC.$



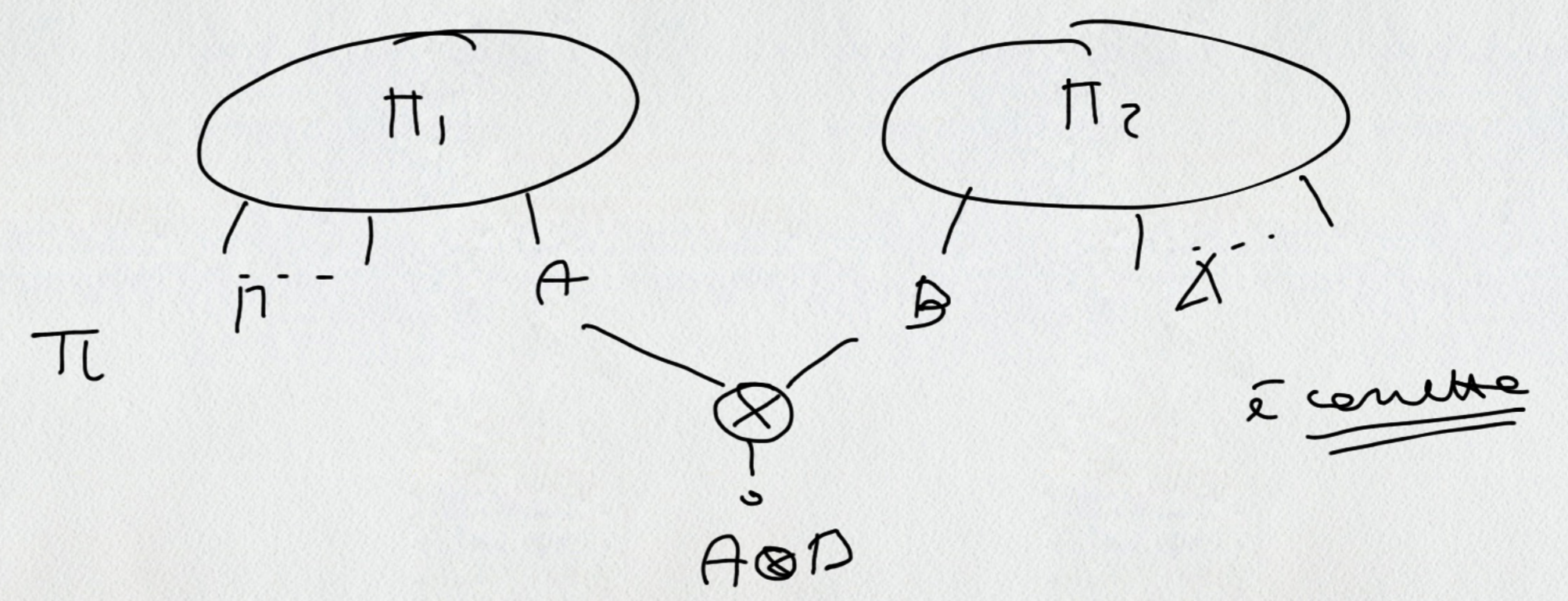
$\overline{\Gamma, A, A^+}$

! ?

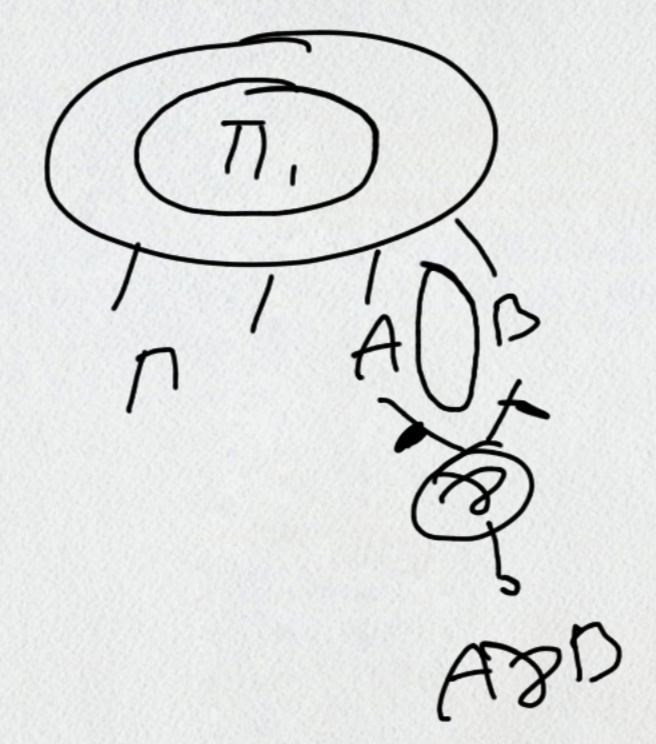
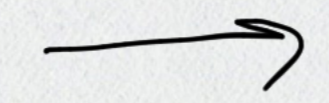
$\frac{\Gamma, A, A^+, B, B^+}{\Gamma, A, A^+, B, B^+}$



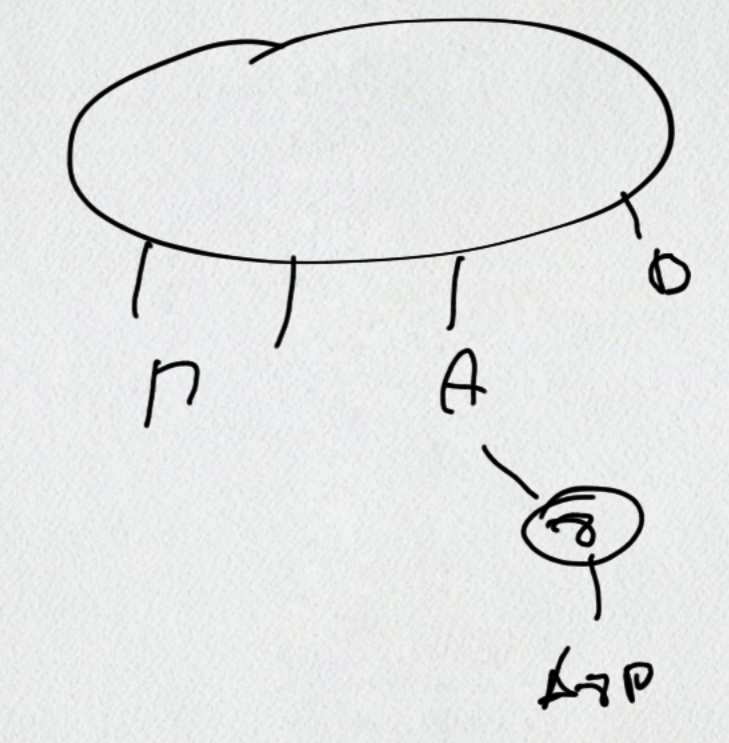
$$\pi. \frac{\Gamma, A \quad \Gamma, \Delta, B}{\Gamma, A \otimes B} \otimes \mapsto$$



$$\pi \frac{\Gamma, A, B}{\Gamma, A \wp B} \wp$$

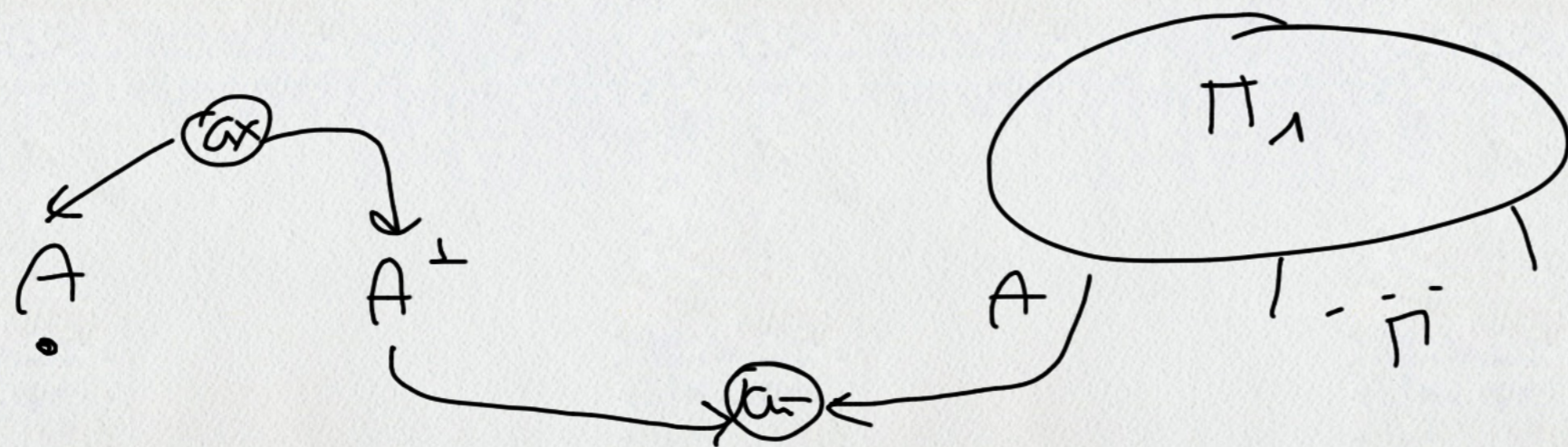


$S_{\wp}(\pi)$

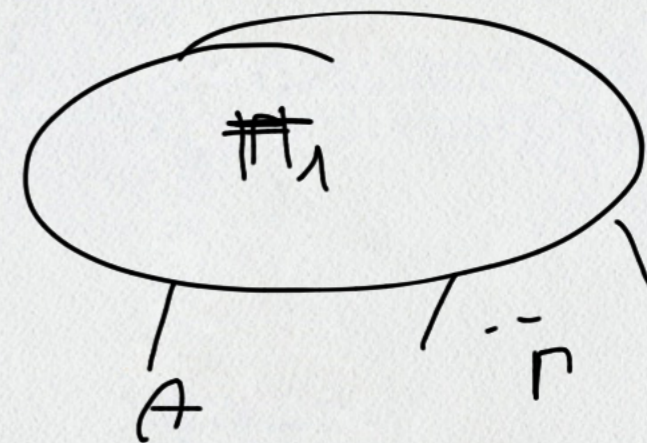


cut-elim. steps

Π :

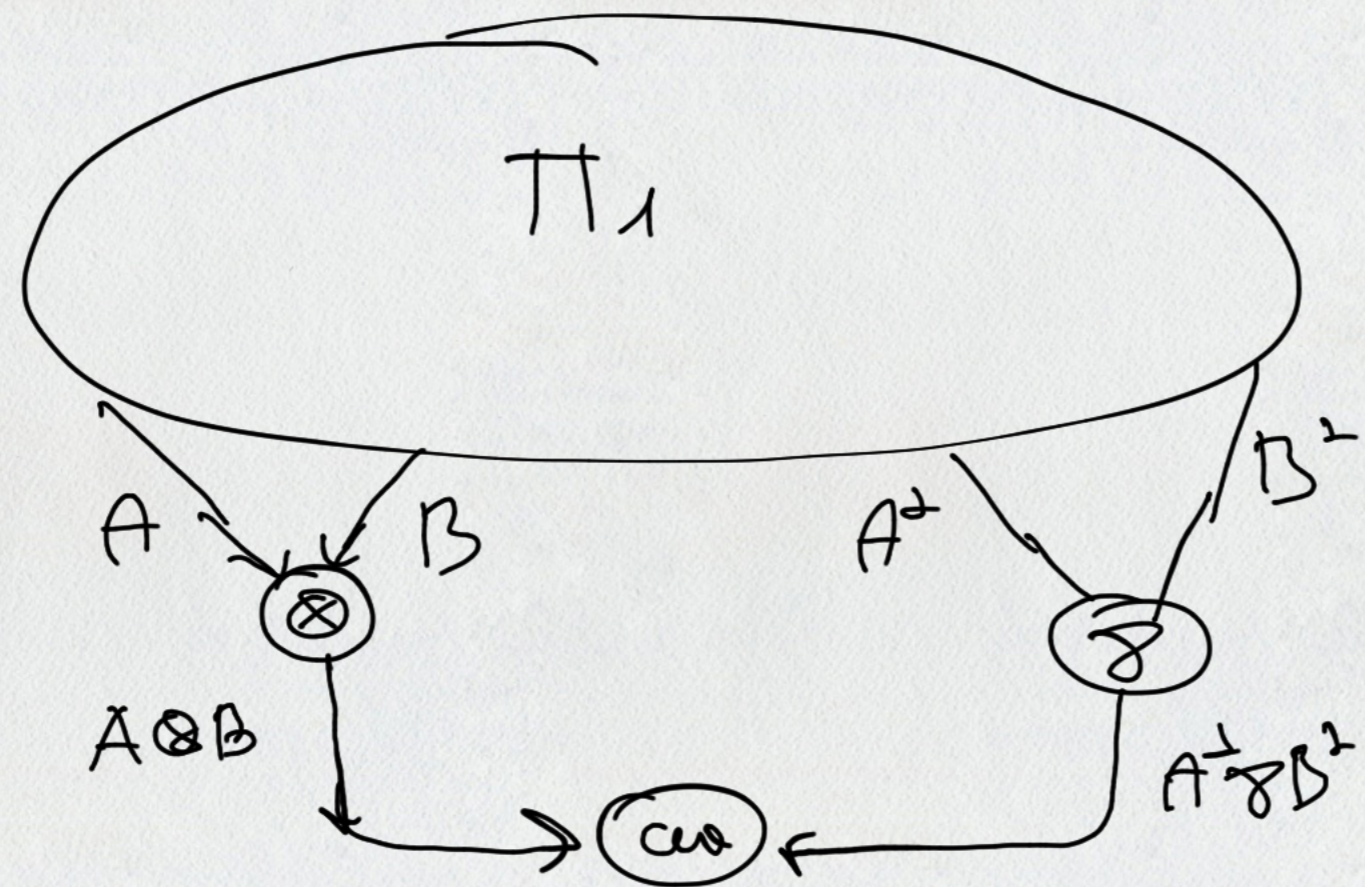


identity-axiom



reductum.

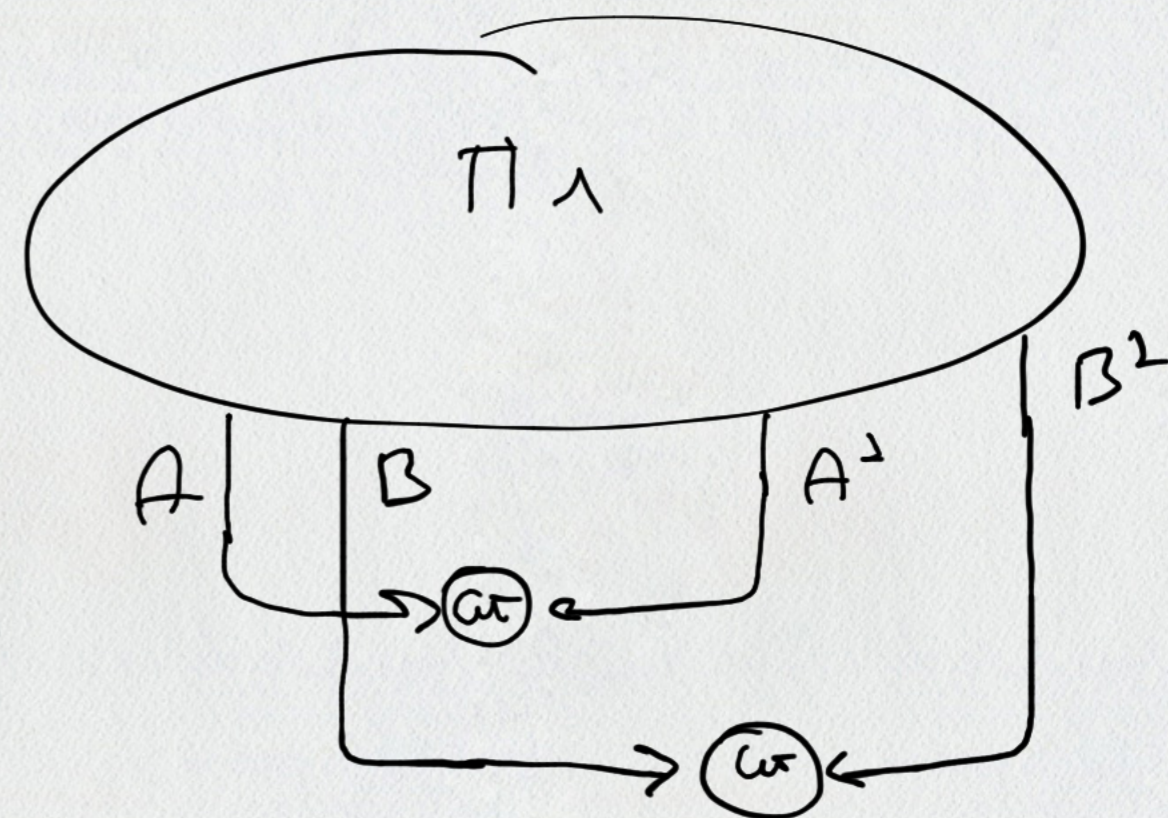
id. axiom



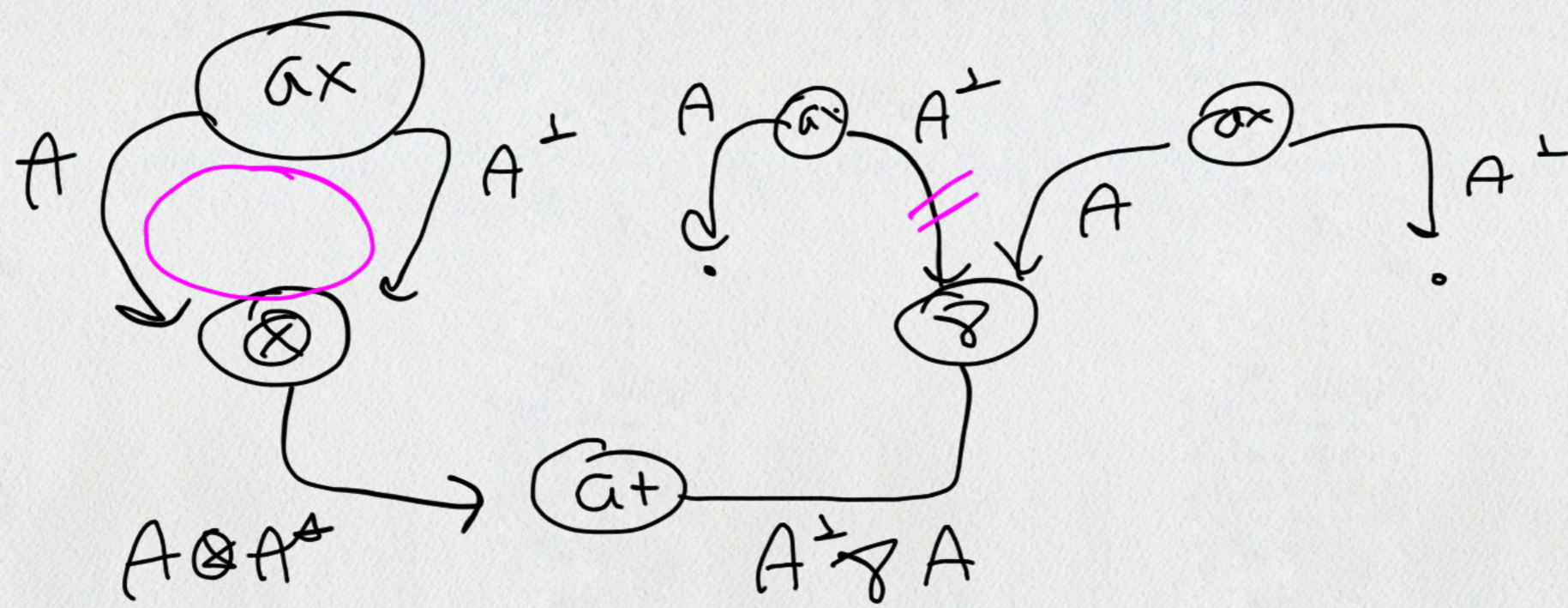
identity $A \otimes B$

$(A^{\perp} \otimes B^{\perp})^{\perp}$

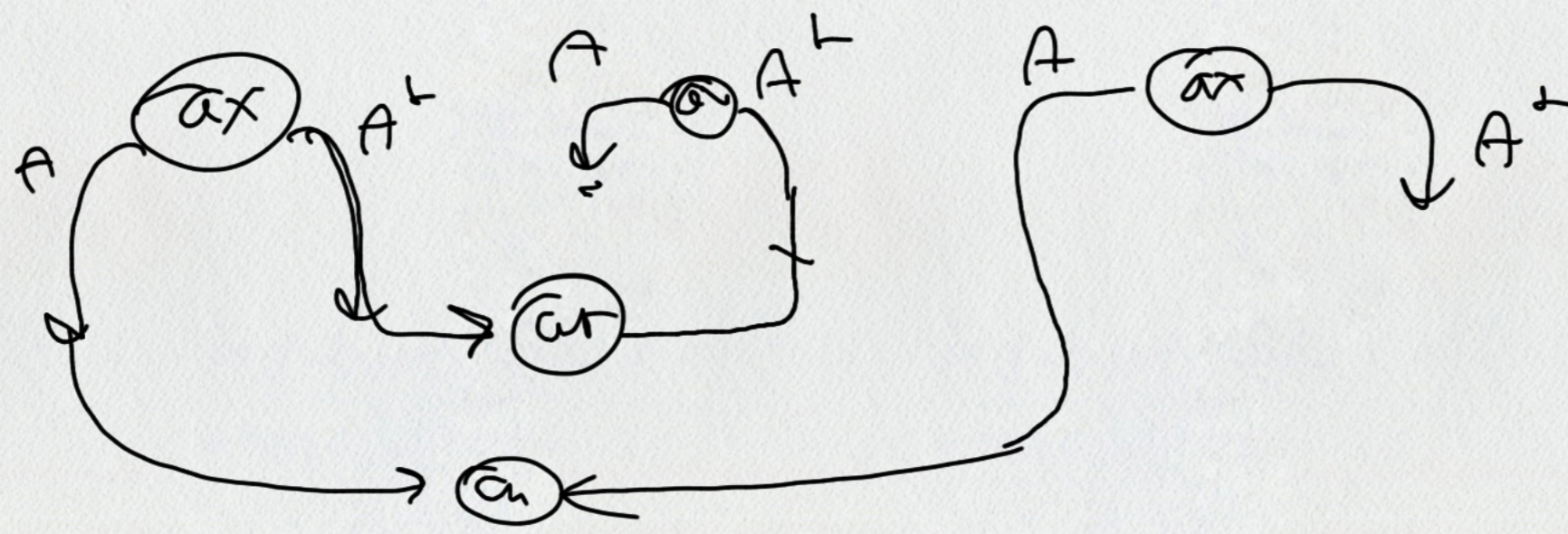
\mapsto



Probleme: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{-terminare} \\ \text{-confluere} \end{array} \right.$
 stabilita delle commutativi (acc)
 under cut-reduction

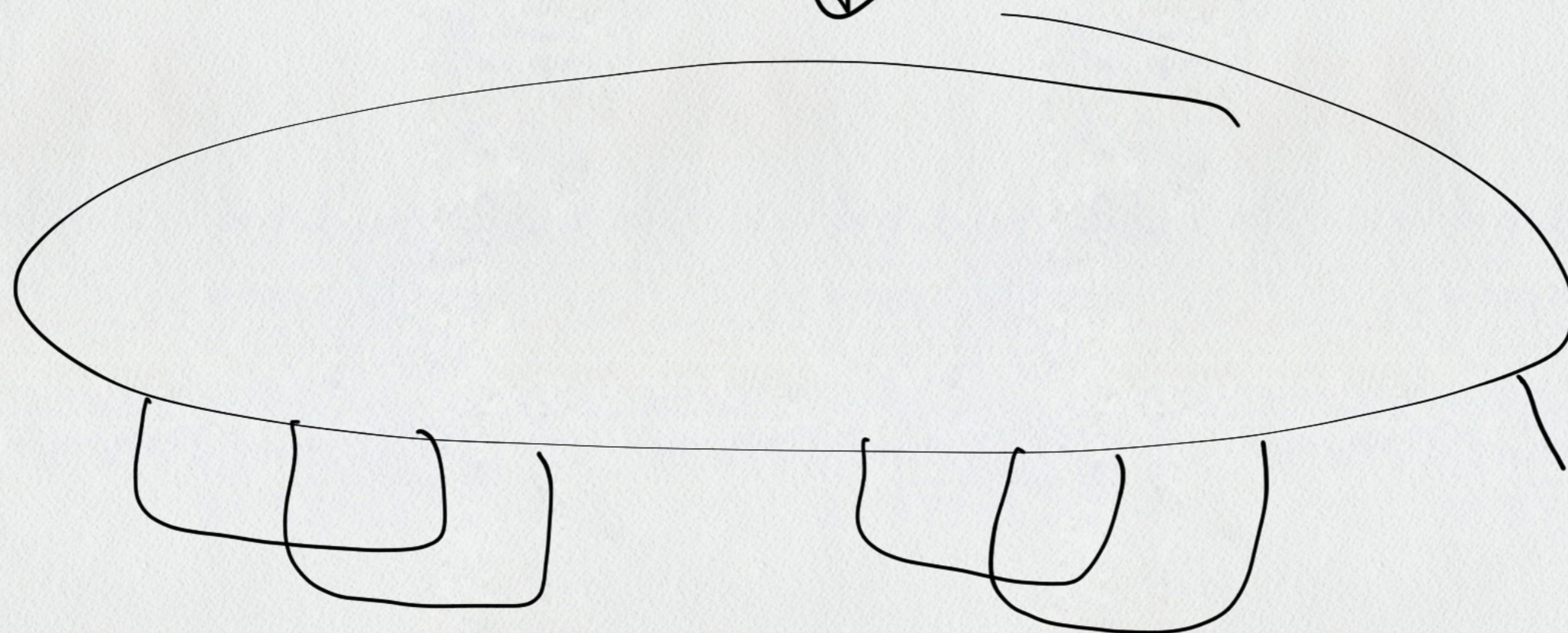
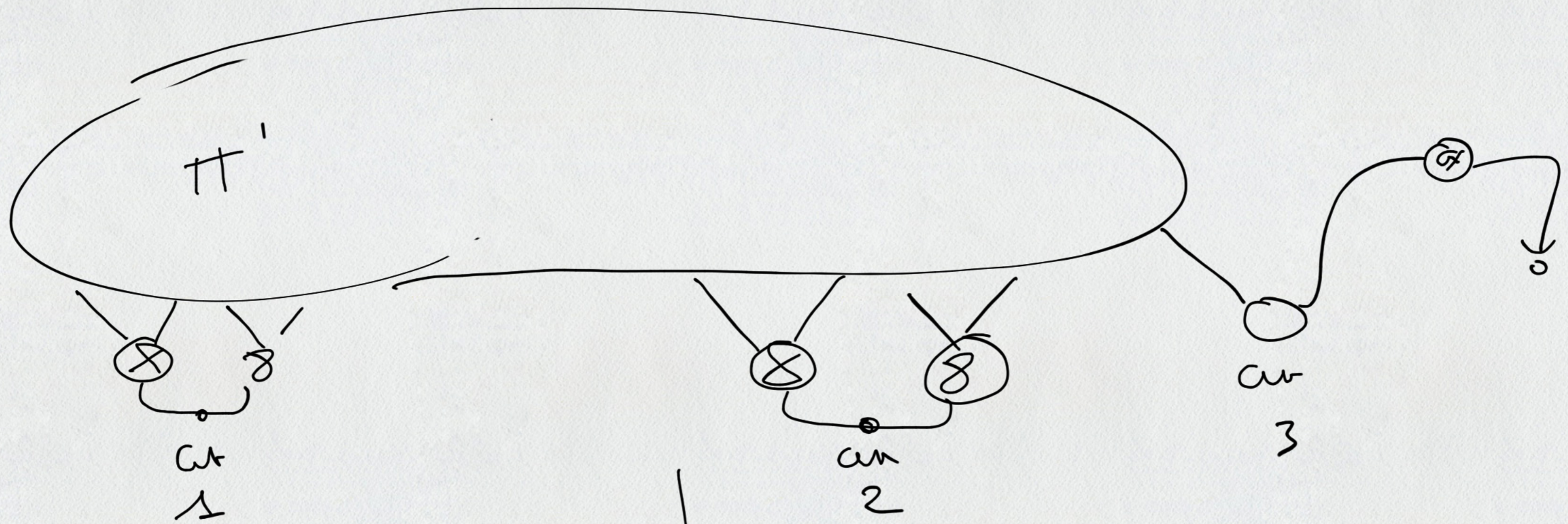


↓ zoluc

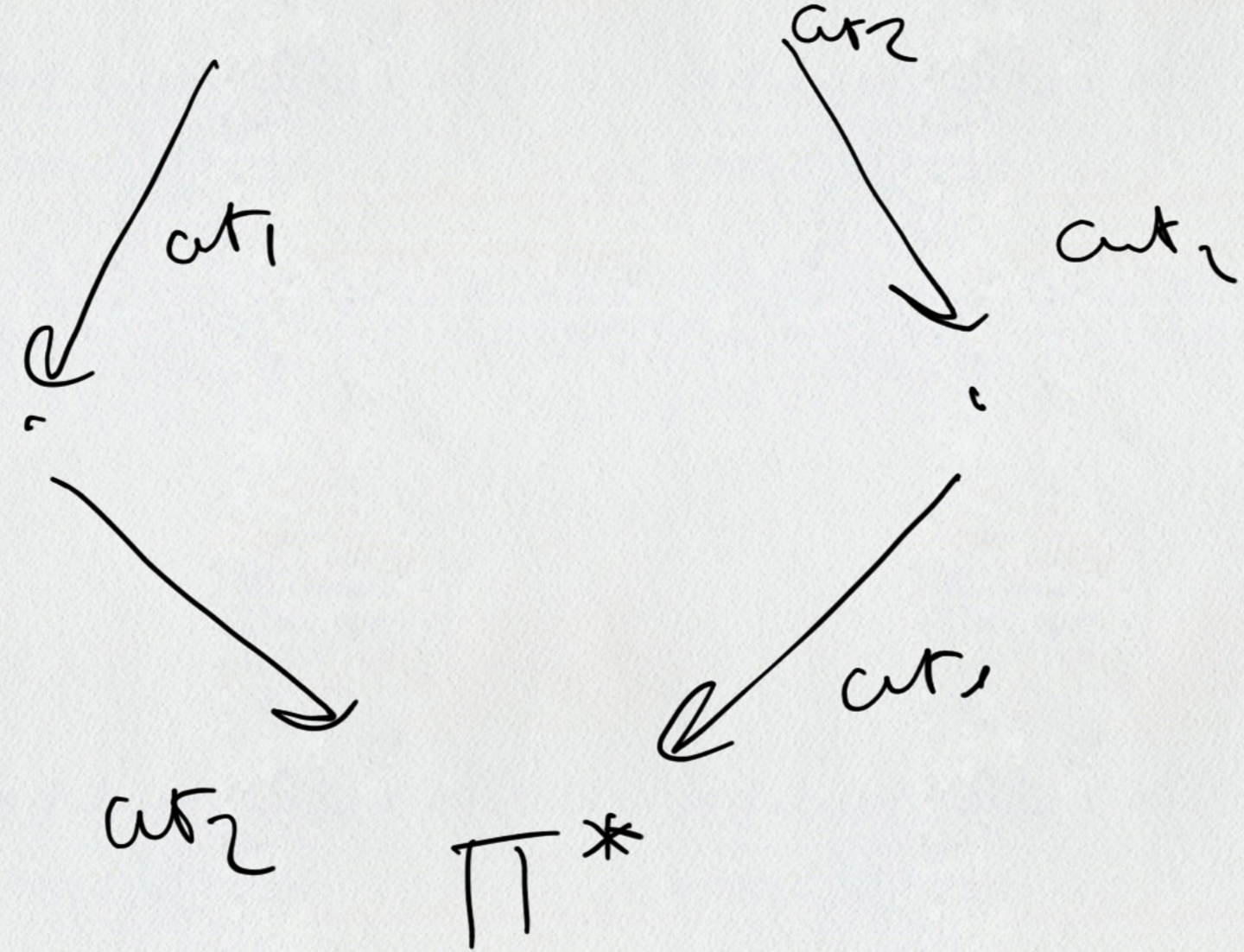
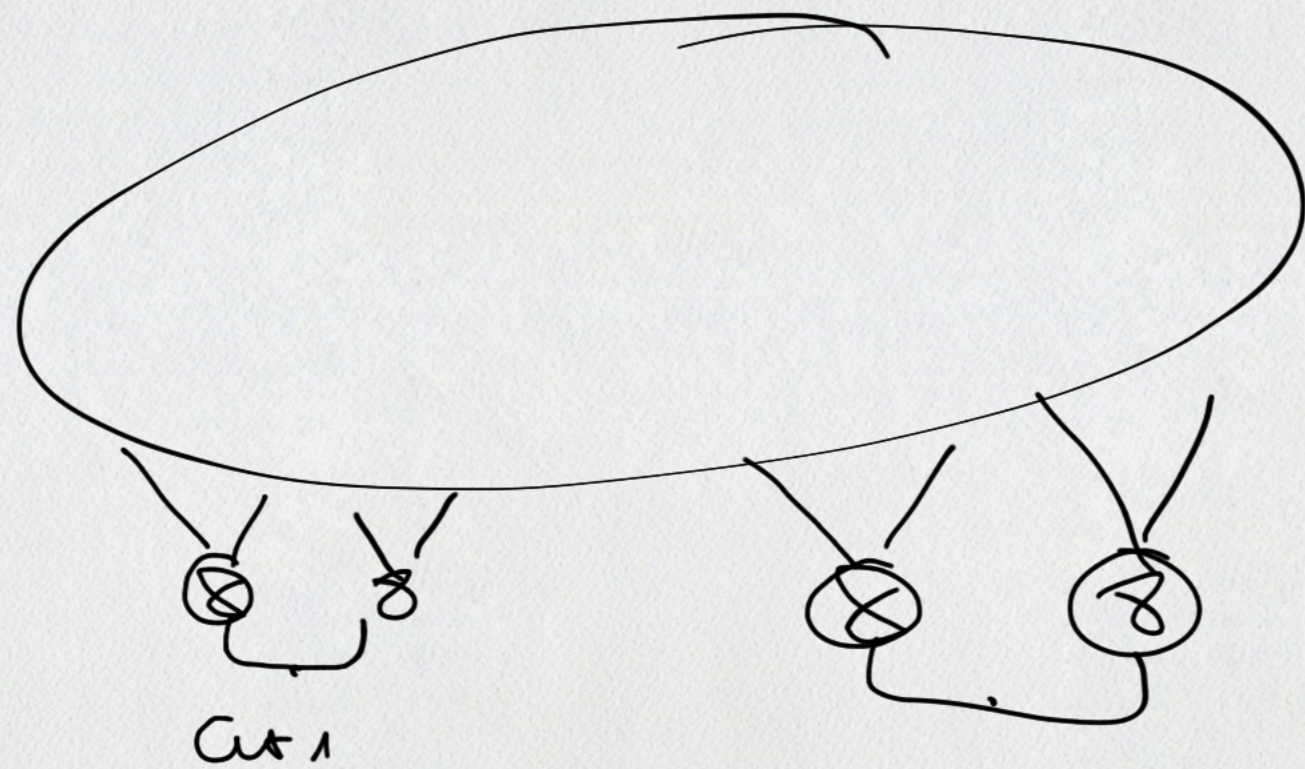


PS de w e
 comutativo!!!
 w e uma PT.

comutativo



parallel



Relevance

Confluent in local!

- Reprezentacja

- uduzycie

normalizacja

kolizyjone

cut-reduction
Python 2-c

proof-search

↳ metajazyk
automatyczny

Prelog.

- Cometa

2^n

for $n = \# \delta$ experiment



cometa

quadratic n^2

$$O(n^2) < O(2^n)$$



linear

$\#V$

linear to cut reduction

